



Polarized Ion Sources

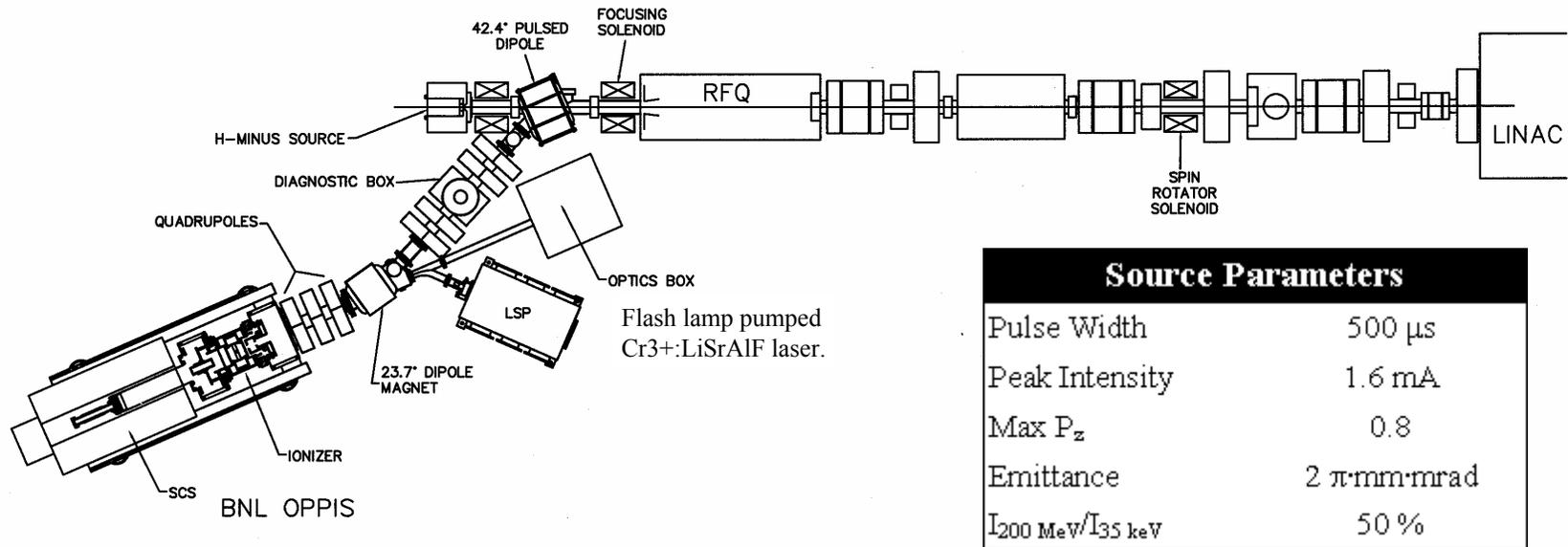
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V.Dudnikov

Second Electron-Ion Collider Workshop, Jefferson Lab,
March 15, 2004



The OPPIS

POLARIZED SOURCE LAYOUT AT THE LINAC INJECTOR



Allows interleaving of 1 mA polarized H⁻ beam and 100 mA unpolarized beam on pulse-to-pulse basis.

Longitudinal polarization out of the source converted to vertical polarization at the linac entrance.

A. Zelenski, SPIN 2002 Symposium, BNL, September 2002.

Potential H⁺/H⁻ Source Parameters

Techniques:

- Atomic Beam Source with Resonant Charge Exchange Ionizer, eg., IUCF/INR CIPIOS with improvements.
- Optically Pumped Polarized Ion Source, eg., BNL OPPIS

Claimed Future Potential*:

ABS/RX Source:

H⁻ ~10 mA, 1.2 π ·mm·mrad (90%), Pz = 85%

H⁺ >20 mA, 1.2 π ·mm·mrad (90%), Pz = 85%

OPPIS

H⁻ ~40 mA, 2.0 π ·mm·mrad (90%), Pz = 85%

H⁺ ~40 mA, 2.0 π ·mm·mrad (90%), Pz = 85%

* Estimates are based on projections of existing source parameters. These characteristics seem feasible but must be proven.

Potential D⁺/D⁻ Source Parameters

Techniques:

- Atomic Beam Source with Resonant Charge Exchange Ionizer, eg., IUCF/INR CIPIOS with improvements.
- Optically Pumped Polarized Ion Source, eg., KEK OPPIS

Claimed Future Potential*:

ABS/RX Source:

D⁻ ~10 mA, 1.3 π ·mm·mrad (90%), P_z = 90%, P_{zz}=90%

D⁺ >20 mA, 1.3 π ·mm·mrad (90%), P_z = 90%, P_{zz}=90%

OPPIS

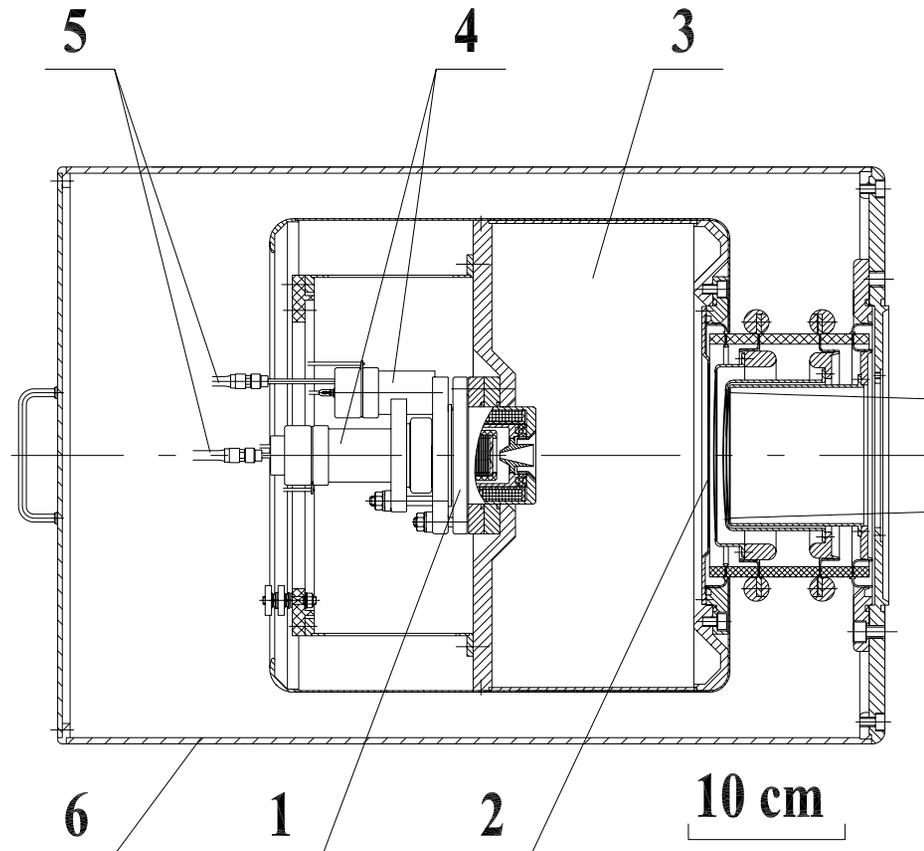
D⁻ ~40 mA, 2.0 π ·mm·mrad (90%), P_z = 55%, P_{zz}=?

D⁺ ~40 mA, 2.0 π ·mm·mrad (90%), P_z = 55% , P_{zz}=?

* Estimates are based on projections of existing source parameters. These characteristics seem feasible but must be proven.

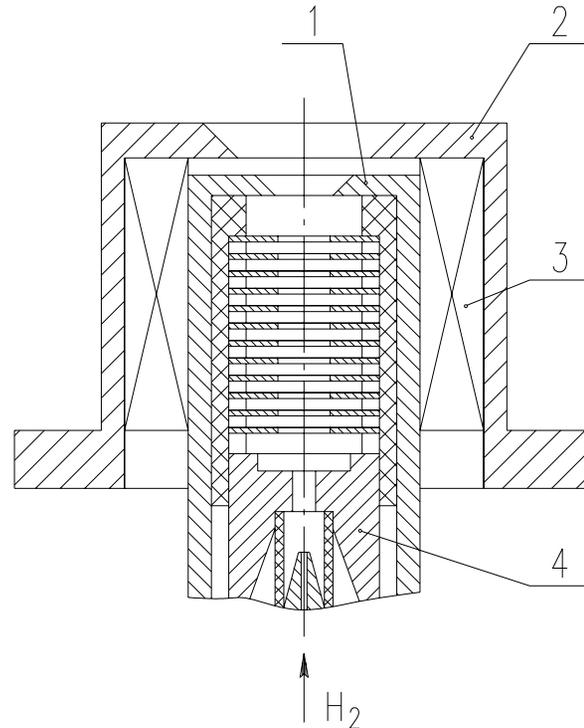


Short pulse ion source



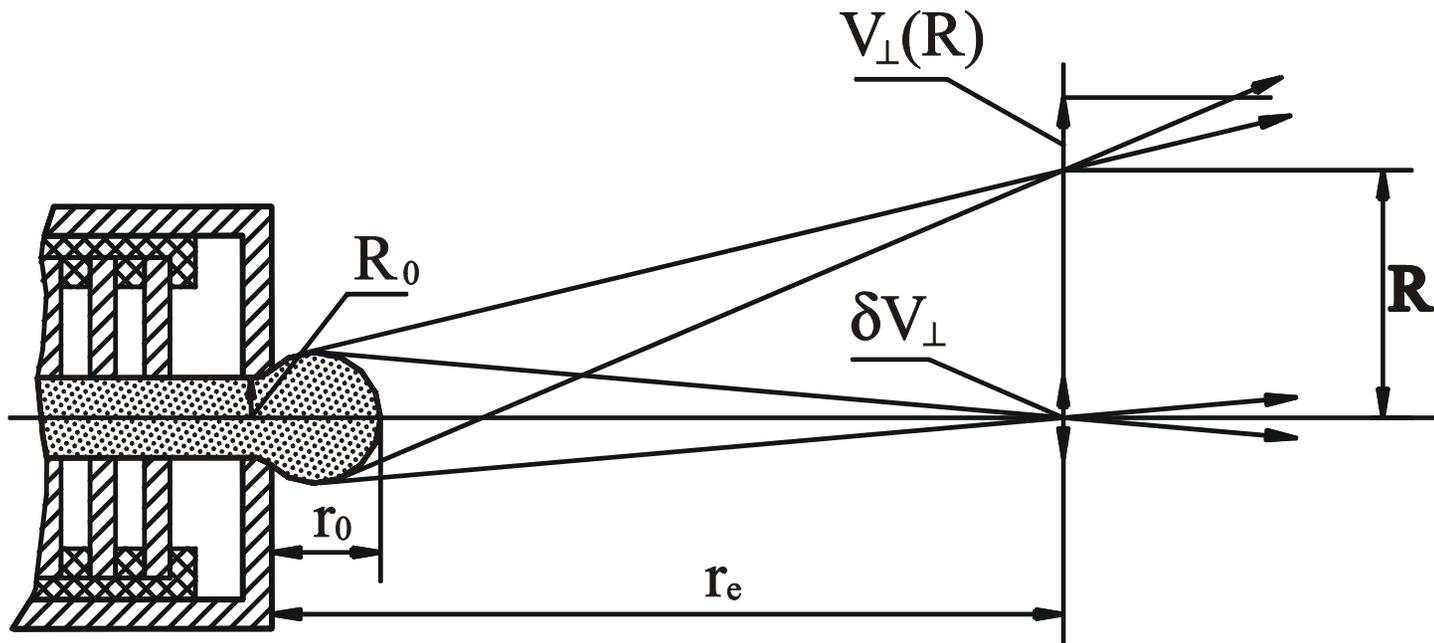
1- plasma generator, 2- electrodes of the ion optical system, 3- plasma expansion volume, 4- gas puffing valves, 5- HV feedthrough, 6- magnetic screen.

Arc plasma generator



1- anode, 2-magnetic shield, 3- coil, 4-anode
 $I_d \approx 200-800\text{A}$, $U_d \approx 60-80\text{V}$, $\tau_d \leq 0.5\text{ s}$, $J_i \leq 180\text{ A}$

Low ion temperature in the plasma stream



$$R_0 \sim 0.3 \text{ cm} \quad n_0 \sim 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3} \quad T_{i0} \sim 3-5 \text{ eV}$$

$$r_0 \sim 1 \text{ cm} \quad T_{ie} \approx T_{i0} r_0^2 / r_e^2$$

Experimental value of $T_{ie} \approx 0.2 \text{ eV}$



Existing Source Parameters

OPPIS/BNL, H ⁻ only: (In operation)	Pulse Width	500 μ s (up to DC?)
	Peak Intensity	>1.6 mA
	Max Pz	85% of nominal
	Emittance (90%)	2.0 π ·mm·mrad
IUCF/INR CIPIOS: (Shutdown 8/02)	Pulse Width	Up to 500 μ s
	Peak Intensity H-/D-	2.0 mA/2.2 mA
	Max Pz/Pzz	85% to > 90%
	Emittance (90%)	1.2 π ·mm·mrad
INR Moscow: (Test Bed Only)	Pulse Width	> 100 μ s
	Peak Intensity H+/H-	11 mA/2.5 mA
	Max Pz	80%/85%
	Emittance (90)%	1.0 π ·mm·mrad/ 1.8 π ·mm·mrad



Polarized $^3\text{He}^{++}$ Options

Spin Exchange in Optically Pumped Rb with EBIS Ionizer (Zelenski)

- Polarization of 50% - 70% expected.
- $\sim 2 \times 10^{11}$ particles/pulse, small emittance.

Resonant Charge Exchange of Polarized Atoms with $^4\text{He}^{++}$ (Belov)

- Polarization of $\sim 70\%$ - 80% .
- $> 1\text{mA}$ beam current with $1 \pi\cdot\text{mm}\cdot\text{mrad}$.

Note: No existing high current polarized $^3\text{He}^{++}$ source using these techniques exists.

Polarized ${}^6\text{Li}^{+++}$ Options

Existing Technology:

- Create a beam of polarized atoms using ABS.
- Ionize atoms using surface ionization on an 1800 K Tungsten foil – singly charged Li of a few 10's of μA
- Accelerate to 5 keV and transport through a Cs cell to produce negative ions. Results in a few hundred nA's of negative ions.

Investigate alternate processes such as EBIS ionizer proposal or ECR ionizer. Should be possible to get 1 mA? fully stripped beam with high polarization.

Properties of ${}^6\text{Li}$: $B_c = 8.2 \text{ mT}$, $m/m_N = 0.82205$, $I = 1$

B_c = critical field m/m_N = magnetic moment, I = Nuclear spin

Polarized ${}^6\text{Li}^{+++}$ Options

Existing Technology:

- Create a beam of polarized atoms using ABS.
- Ionize atoms using resonant charge exchange with Li ions from Arc discharge source, as for H^+ , and He^+ .
- Accelerate to 5 keV and transport through a Cs cell to produce negative ions. Results in a few hundred mA's of negative ions.

Investigate alternate processes such as EBIS ionizer proposal or ECR ionizer. Should be possible to get 1 mA? fully stripped beam with high polarization.

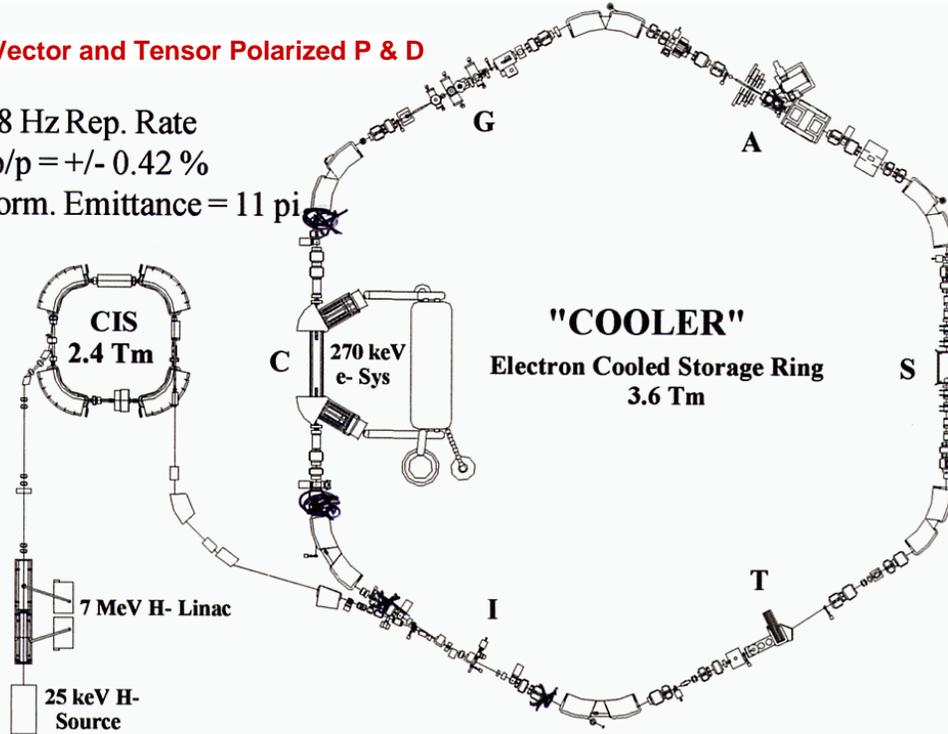
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IUCF Kick Injection with e-Cooling

~85%-90% Vector and Tensor Polarized P & D

0.8 Hz Rep. Rate
 $dp/p = \pm 0.42\%$
 Norm. Emittance = 11 π m



II. COOLER INJECT PERFORMANCE:

- 4×10^9 unpol p/pulse Injected at 202 MeV
- 1×10^9 pol p/pulse Injected at 202 MeV
- 3.5×10^{10} p Accumulated in 120 seconds at 202 MeV (cooled accum)
- 0.99×10^{10} pol p Accumulated in 120 sec at 202 MeV
- 0.7×10^{10} unpol d Accumulated in 60 sec & ramped to 240 MeV
- 0.7×10^{10} pol d accumulated and ramped to 230 MeV

} 50% Injection Efficiency

~85%-90% Vector and Tensor Polarized P & D

Goal: 2.5×10^{10} p/p Injected, 1-5 Hz, 80 % Vector Polarized

