

SUPERRADIANT EMISSION SCHEME, FREE ELECTRON SPIN-FLIP EMISSION OF RADIATION (FESFER)

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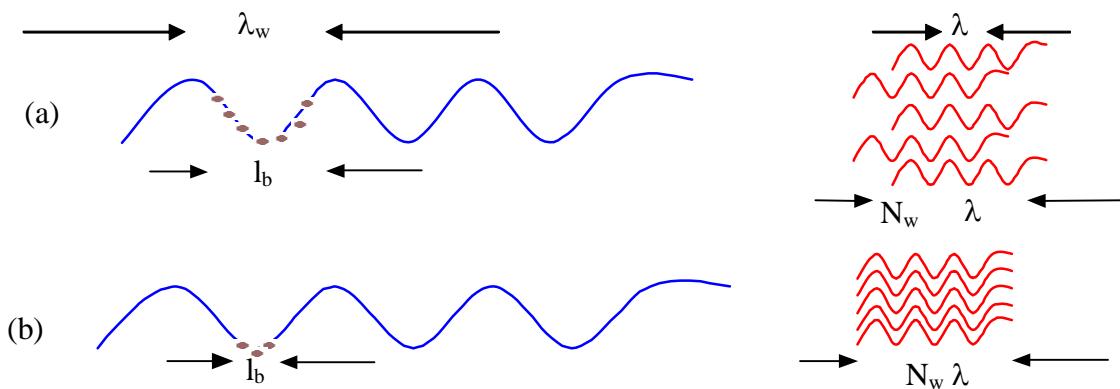
OUTLINE

1. SUPERRADIANT* EMISSION – RADIATION SCHEMES AND GENERAL FORMULATION.
2. STIMULATED–SUPERRADIANCE FEL OSCILLATOR.
3. FREE ELECTRON SUPERRADIANT SPIN–FLIP EMISSION OF RADIATION.

*R. H. Dicke, Phys. Rev. **93**, 99(1954)

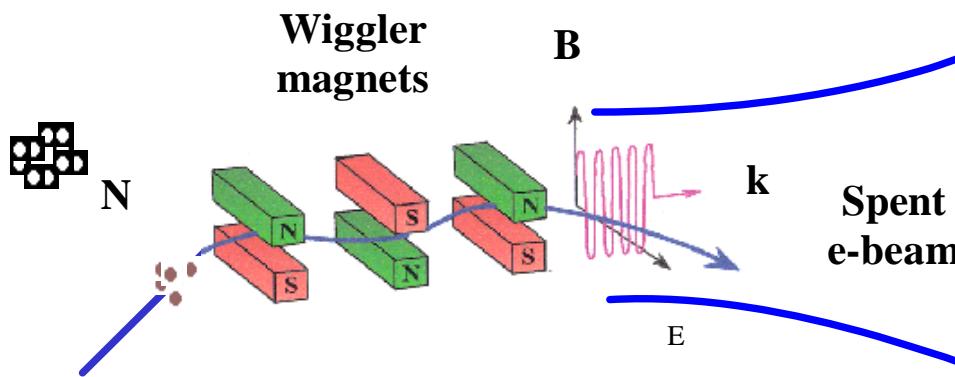
(a) Spontaneous emission

(b) Superradiant emission



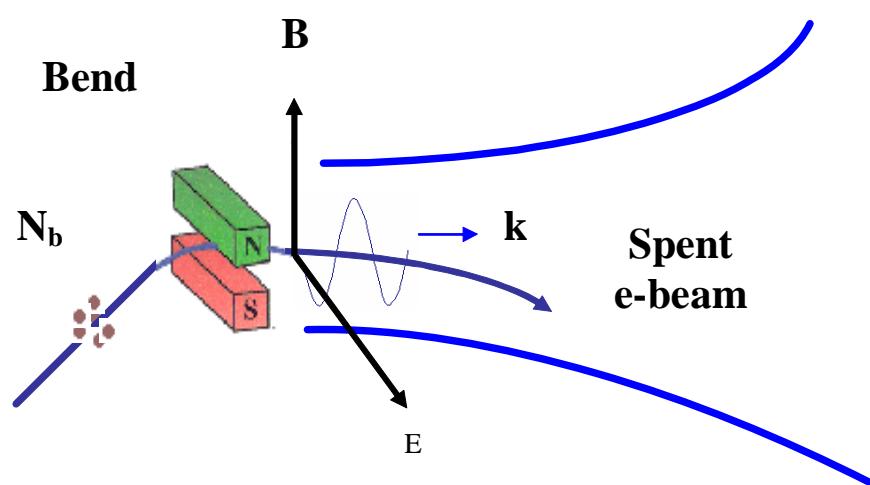
PB-FEL

I. Schnitzer, A. Gover,
“The Prebunched FEL...”,
NIMPR A237, 124 (1985)



CSR

G.L. Carr et al, “High power
THz radiation...”, Nature
420, 153 (2002)



Other superradiant emission schemes

- Coherent Smith-Purcell
- Cerenkov Radiation
- Transition Radiation
- Cyclotron Resonant Emission (CRE)

Excitation of modes (Waveguide or Free Space)

$$\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}, \omega) = \sum_{\pm q} C_q(z, \omega) \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_q(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{r}, \omega) = \sum_{\pm q} C_q(z, \omega) \tilde{\mathbf{H}}_q(\mathbf{r})$$

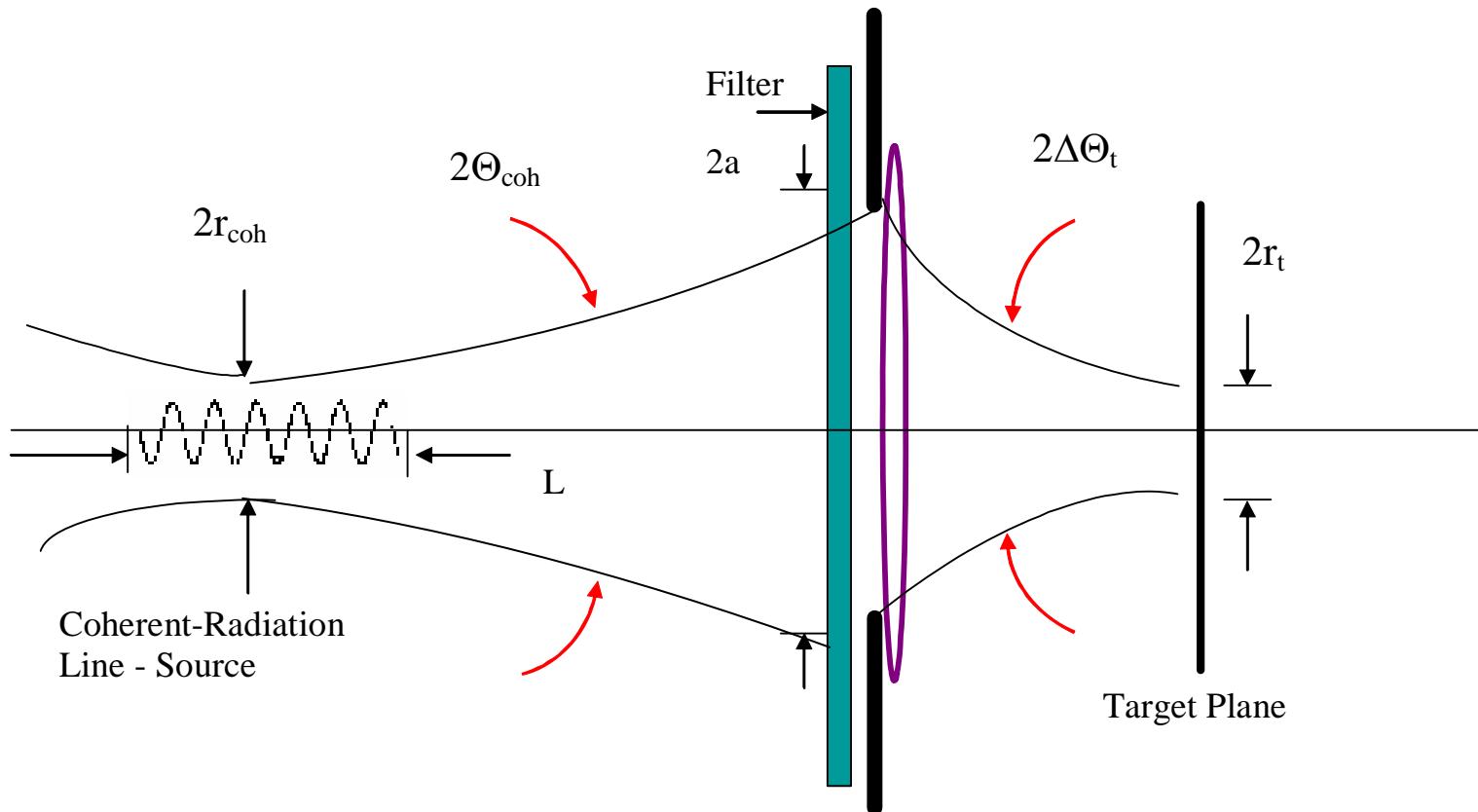
$$C_q^{out}(\omega) - C_q^{in}(\omega) = \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta C_{qj} = -\frac{1}{4P_q} \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta W_{qj}$$

$$\Delta W_{qj} = -e \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathbf{v}_j(t) \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_q^*(\mathbf{r}_j(t)) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} = \frac{2}{\pi} P_q |C_q^{out}(\omega)|^2$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{E}}_q = \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_{00} = \frac{w_0}{w(z)} \exp \left[-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{w^2(z)} - ik \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2R(z)} + i\phi + ikz \right]$$

Useful Coherent Power from a spatially coherent source



Spatially Coherent Spectral Power

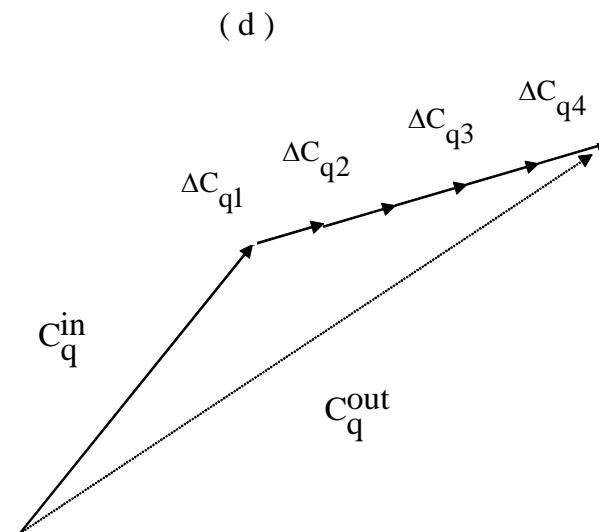
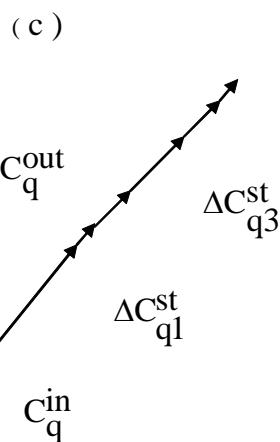
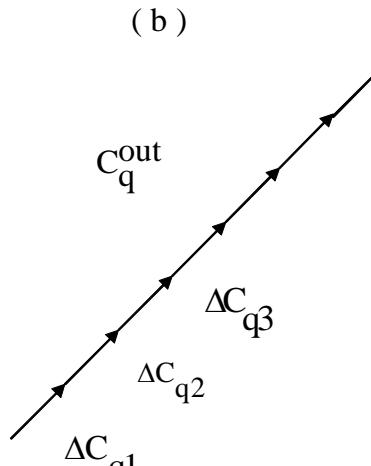
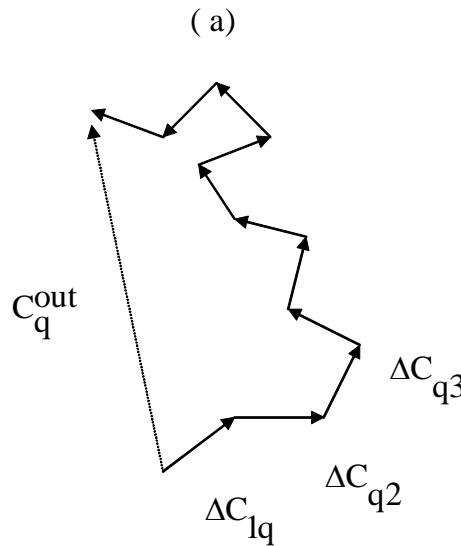
$$C_q^{out}(\omega) = C_q^{in}(\omega) + \Delta C_{qe}^{(0)}(\omega) \sum_{j=1}^N e^{i\omega t_{oj}} + \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta C_{qj}^{st}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dW_q}{d\omega} = & \frac{2}{\pi} P_q \left\{ C_q^{in}(\omega)^2 + \right. \\ & + \left| \Delta C_{qe}^{(0)}(\omega) \cdot \sum_{j=1}^N e^{i\omega t_{oj}} \right|^2 + \\ & + \left[C_q^{in*}(\omega) \cdot \Delta C_{qe}^{(0)}(\omega) \cdot \sum_{j=1}^N e^{i\omega t_{oj}} + c.c. \right] + \\ & \left. + \left[C_q^{in*}(\omega) \cdot \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta C_{qj}^{st}(\omega) + c.c. \right] \right\} \equiv \end{aligned}$$

$$\equiv \left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{in} + \left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{sp/SR} + \left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{ST-SR} + \left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{st}$$

Superposition of radiation wavepackets:

- a) Spontaneous emission b) Superradiance
- c) Stimulated emission d) Stimulated superradiance



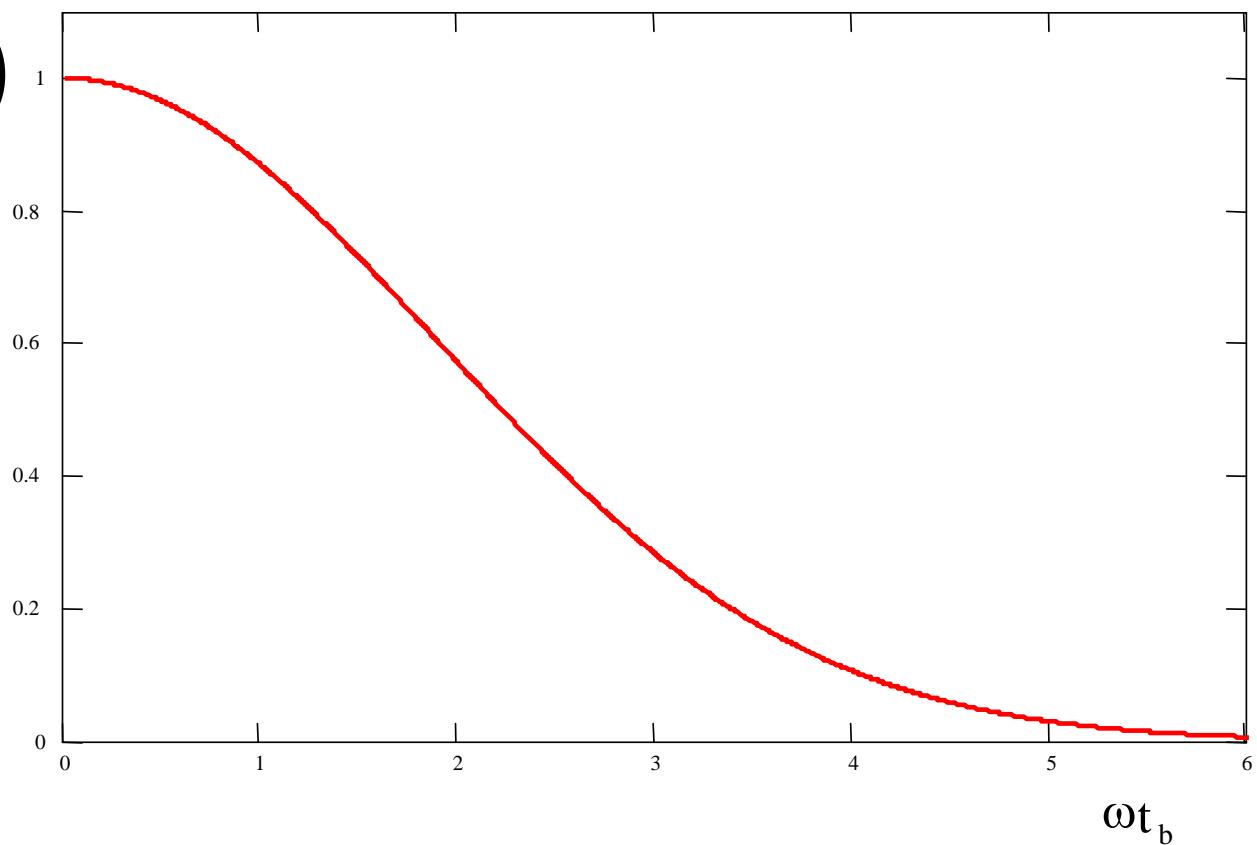
The Bunch Form-Factor

$$\left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{SR} = \frac{1}{8\pi} \cdot \frac{|\Delta W_{qe}^{(0)}|^2}{P_q} |M_b(\omega)|^2 N^2$$

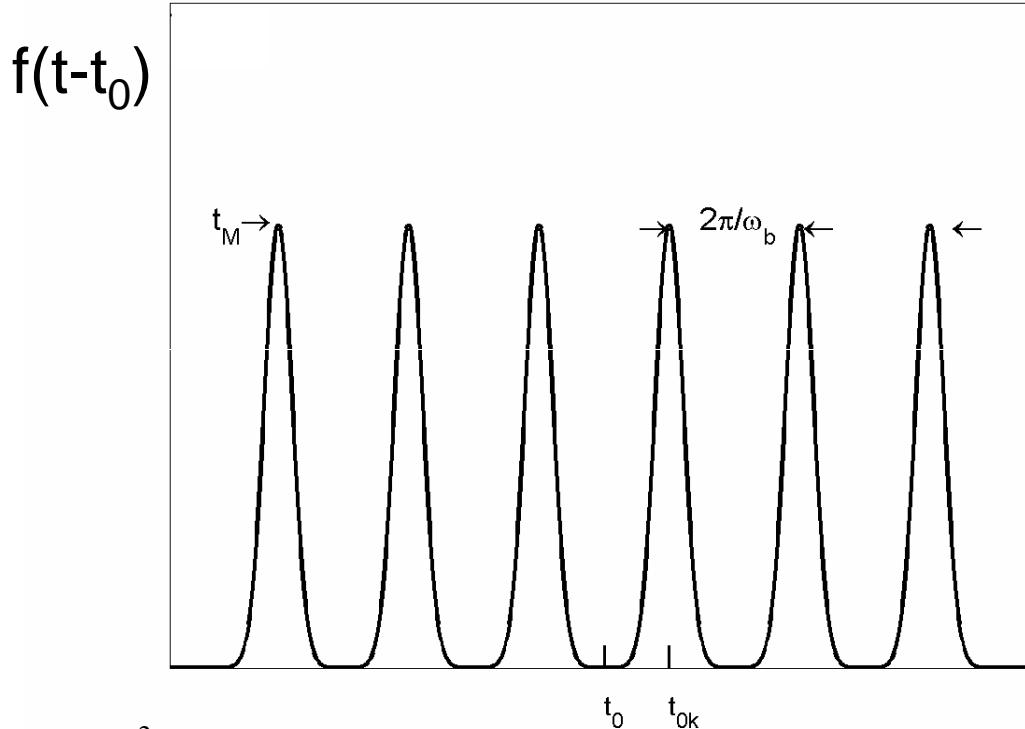
$$M_b(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t'_0) e^{i\omega t'_0} dt'_0$$

for a Gaussian e-beam bunch distribution $f(t_0) = \exp(-t_0^2/t_b^2)/(\sqrt{\pi}t_b)$:

$$|M_b(\omega)|^2 = \exp(-\omega^2 t_b^2 / 2)$$



The Macropulse Form-Factor for a Pulse Composed of a Periodic Train of N_M Micro-Bunches

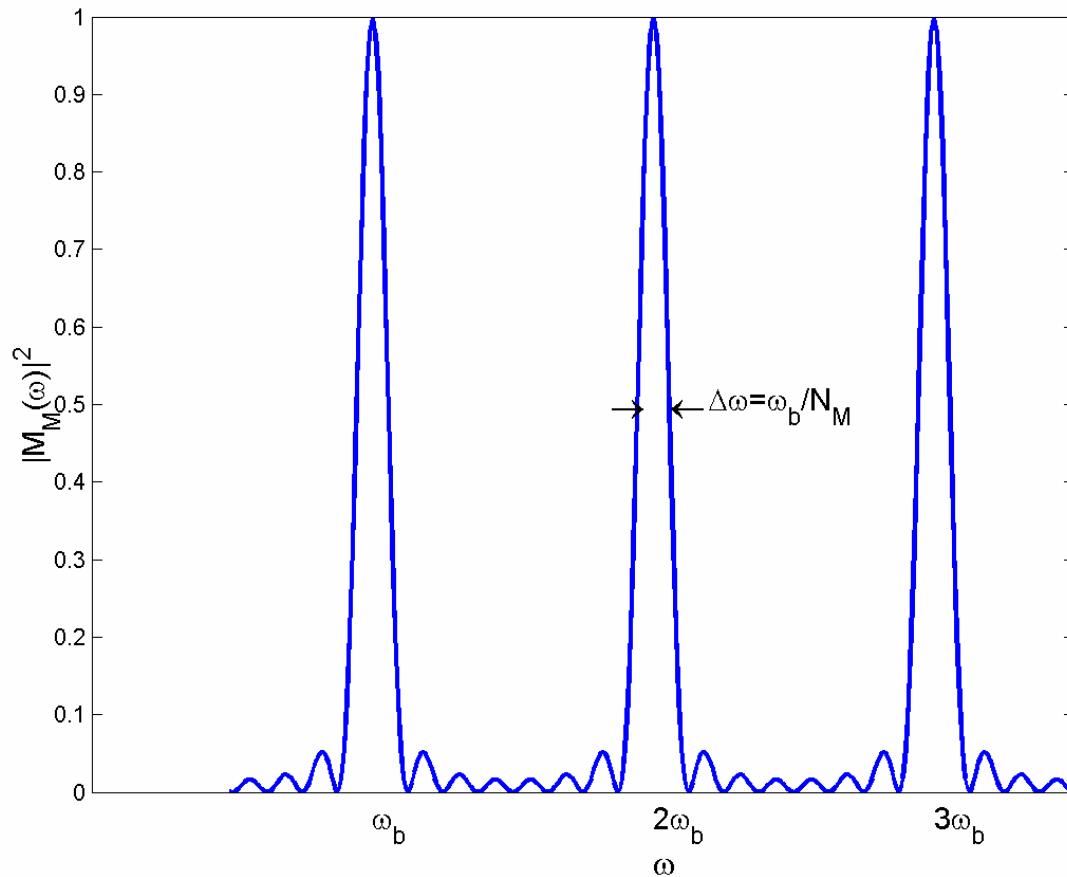


$$\left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{SR} = \frac{N^2}{8\pi P_q} |\Delta W_{qe}^{(0)}(\omega)|^2 |M_b(\omega)|^2 |M_M(\omega)|^2$$

$$M_M(\omega) = \frac{\sin(N_M \pi \omega / \omega_b)}{N_M \sin(\pi \omega / \omega_b)}$$

$$\frac{\Delta\omega}{n\omega_b} = \frac{1}{nN_M}$$

The Macropulse Form-Factor Function Drawn for $N_M = 8$



Spatially Coherent Spectral Power

For PB-FEL:

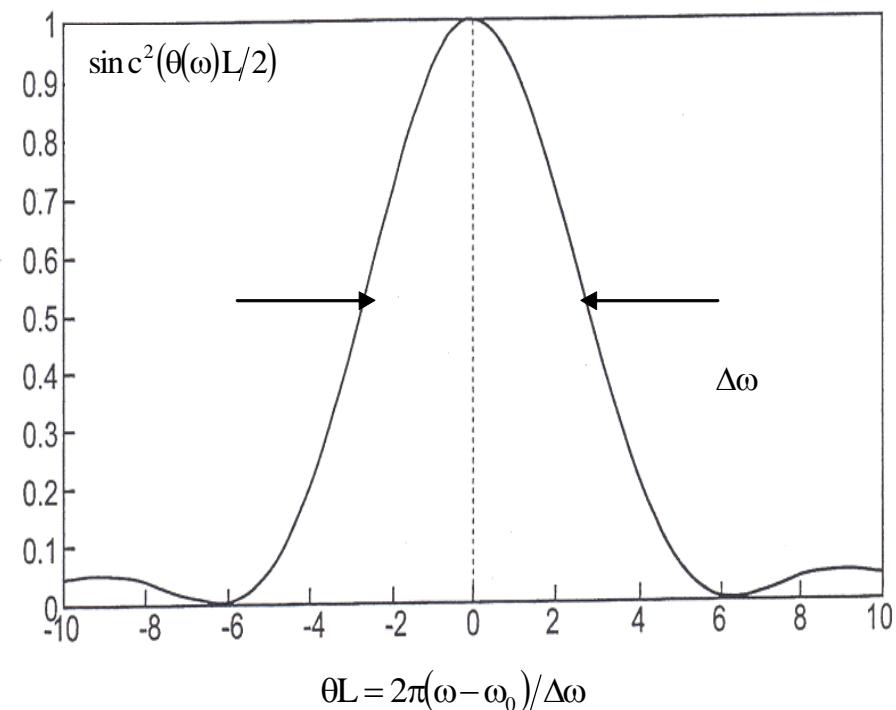
$$\left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{SR} = \frac{N_b^2 e^2 Z_q}{16\pi} \left(\frac{eB_w}{\beta_z \gamma mc} \right)^2 \frac{L^2}{k_w^2 A_{em}} |M_b(\omega)|^2 \text{sinc}^2(\theta L/2)$$
$$\theta = \omega / v_z - k_z - k_w$$

For CSR:

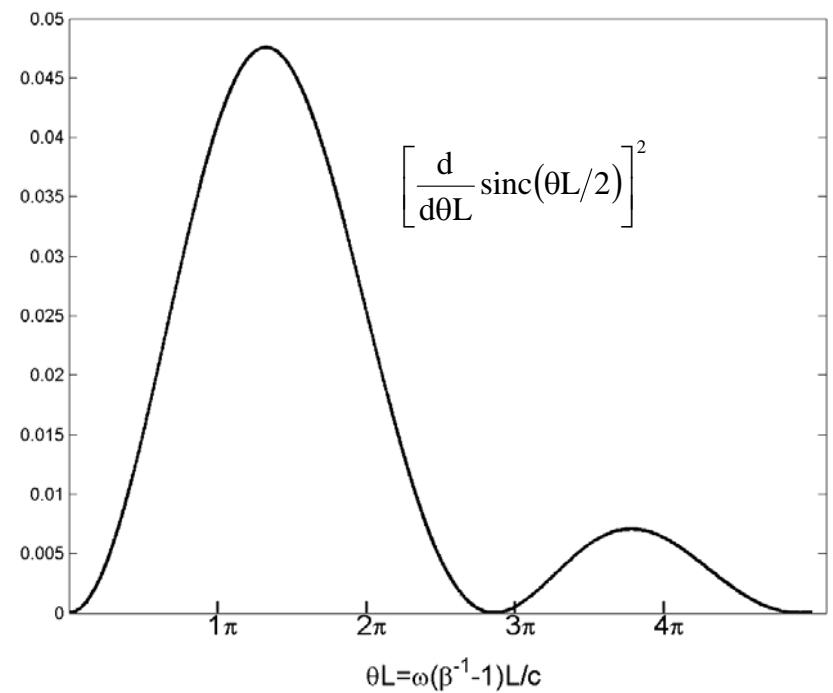
$$\left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{SR} = \frac{N_b^2 e^2 Z_q}{4\pi} \left(\frac{eB_b}{\beta \gamma mc} \right)^2 \frac{L^4}{A_{em}} M_b(\omega) \left[\frac{d}{d\theta L} \text{sinc}(\theta L/2) \right]^2$$
$$\theta = \omega / v_z - k_z$$

Line-Shape Function

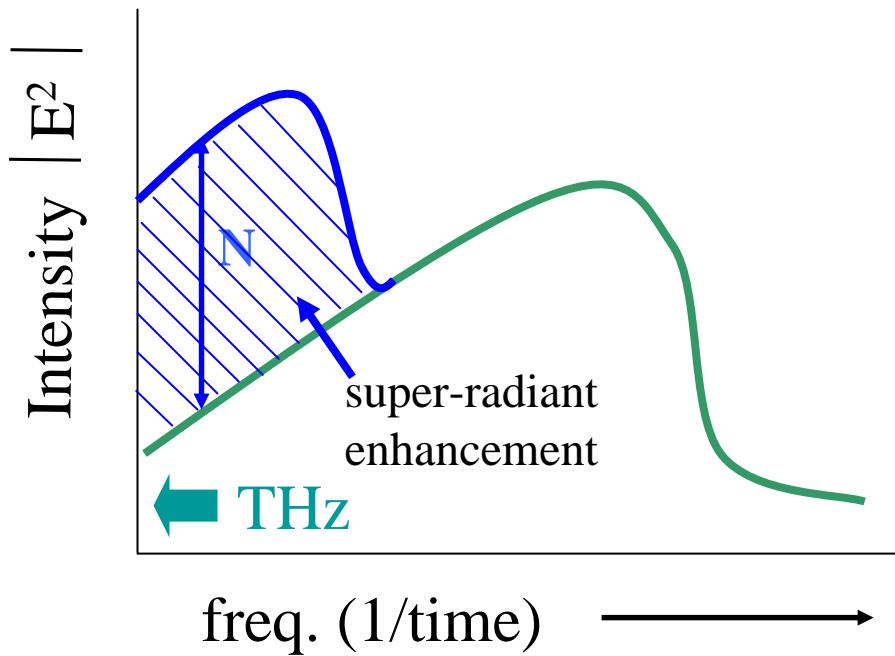
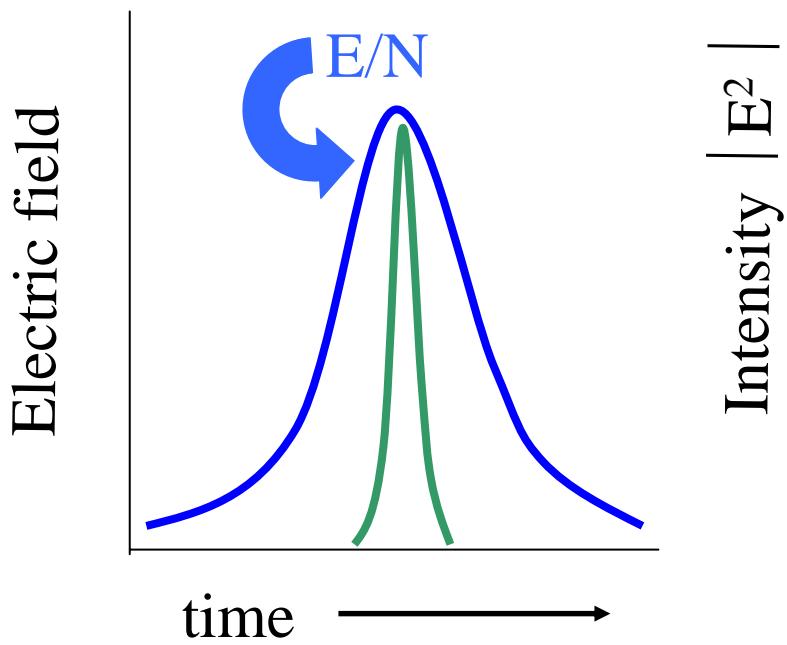
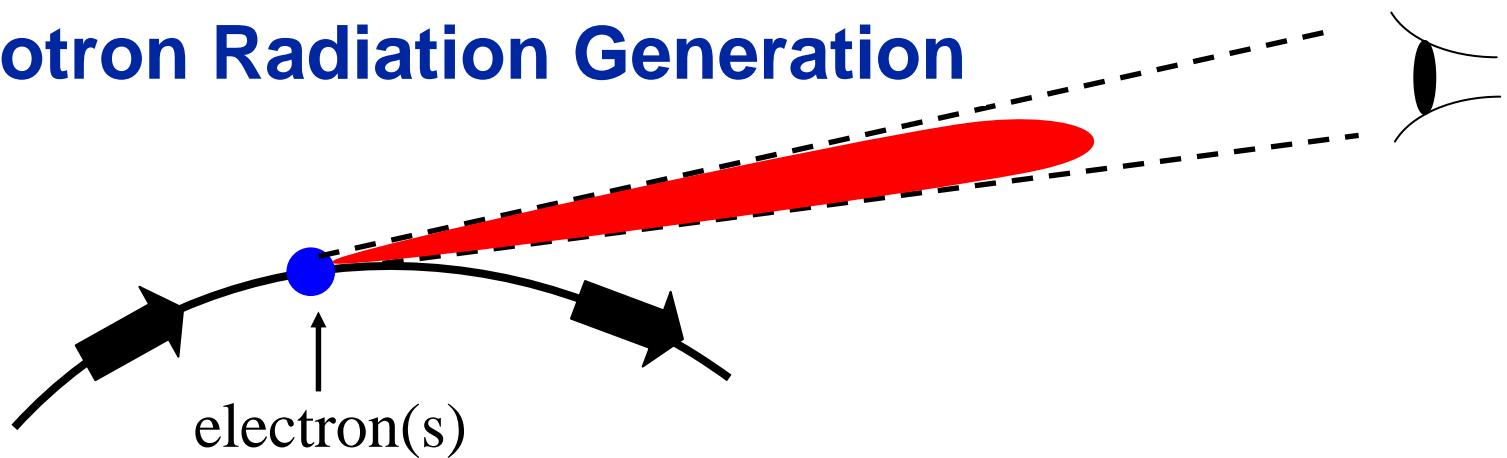
PB-FEL



CSR

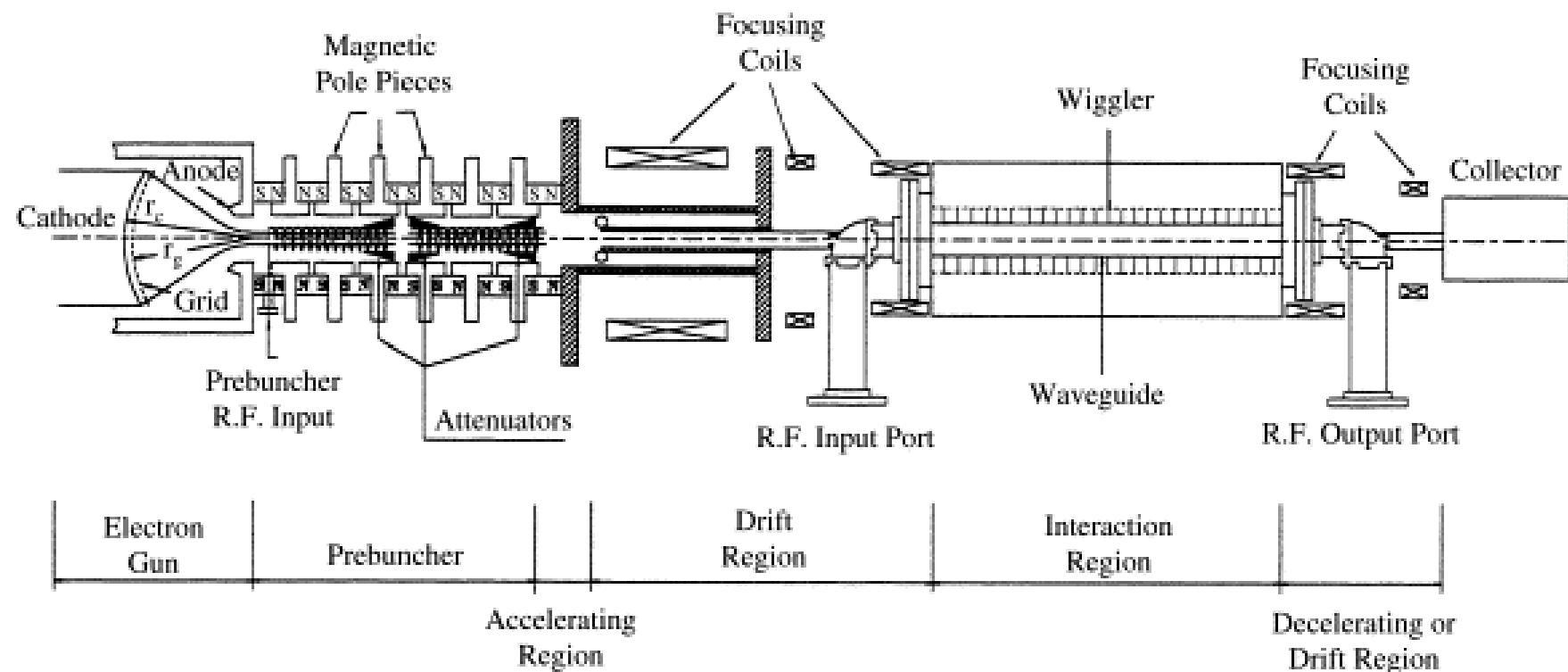


Synchrotron Radiation Generation

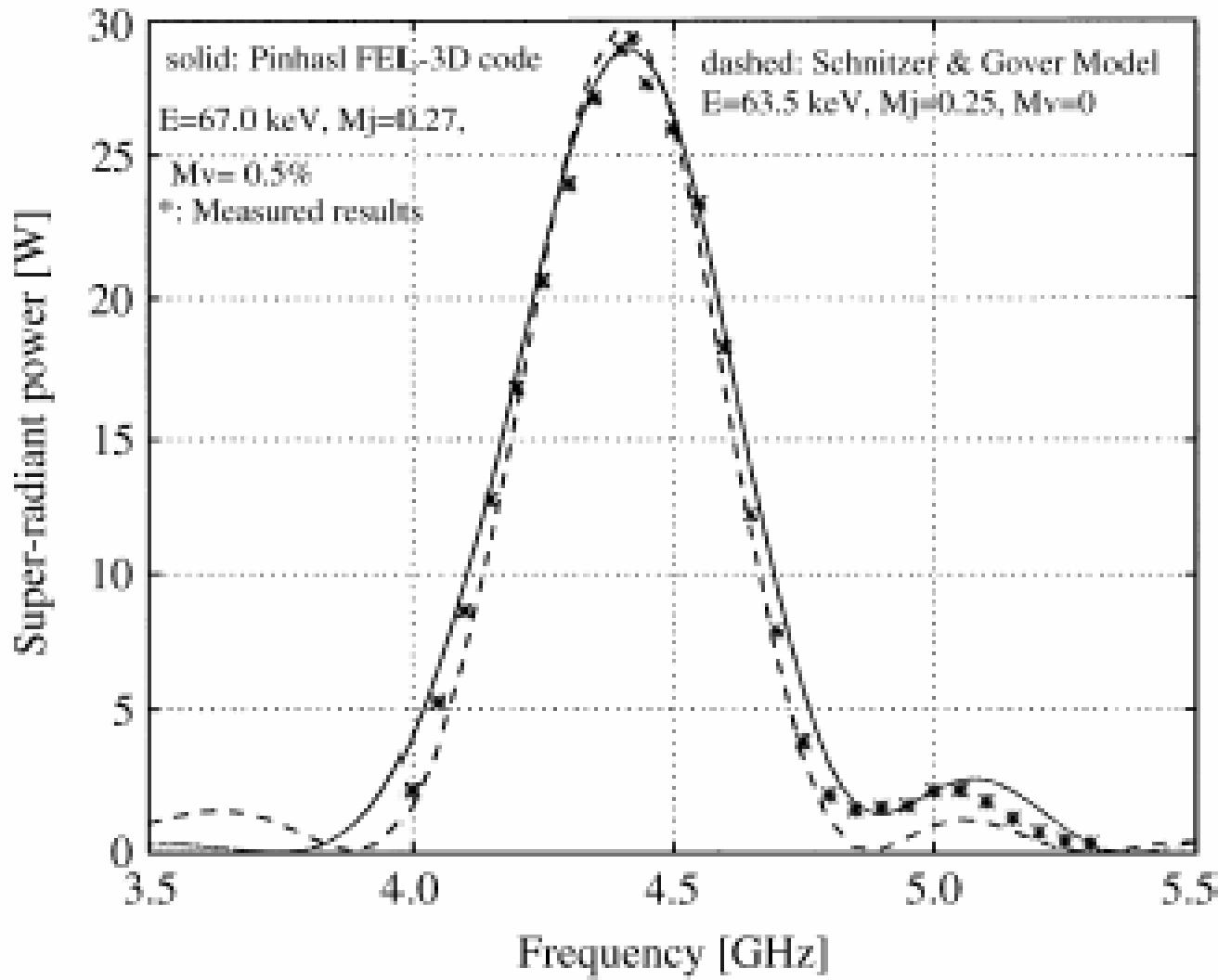


W.D. Duncan and G.P. Williams, "Infra-red Synchrotron Radiation From Electron Storage Rings", Applied Optics 22, 2914 (1983).

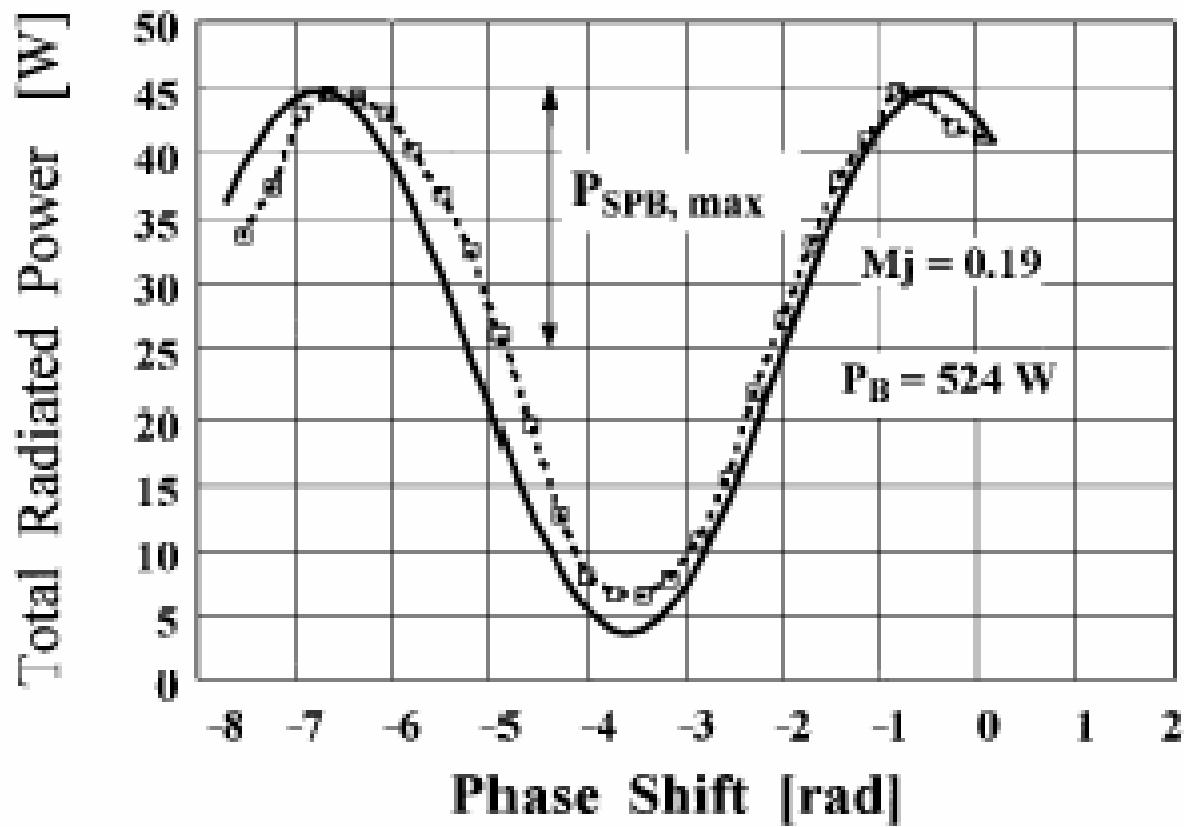
Schematic of the TAU table-top Prebunched-Beam Free Electron Maser.



PB – FEM SUPERRADIANCE MEASUREMENT



PB-FEL STIMULATED SUPERRADIANCE MEASUREMENT



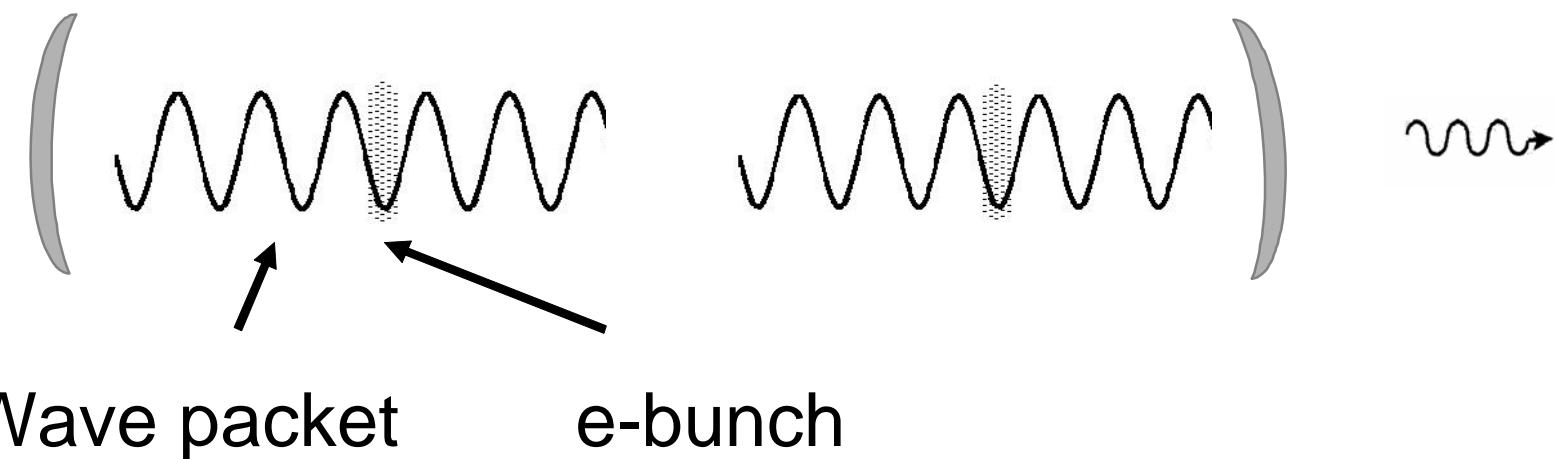
STIMULATED– SUPERRADIANCE FEL OSCILLATOR

Stimulated-Superradiance PB-FEL Oscillator

$$P(0) = R_{rt} P(L)$$

$$P(L)$$

$$P_{out} = T P(L)$$



The Pendulum Equation model – Saturated PB-FEL

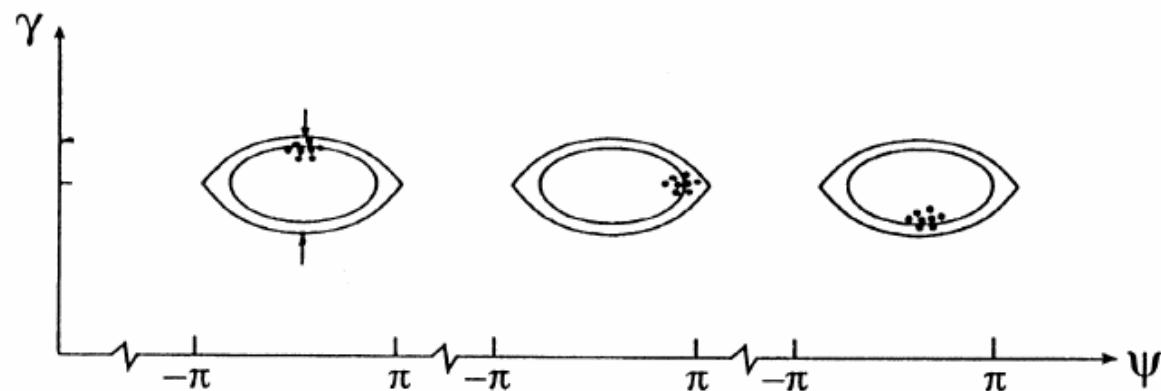
$$\frac{d^2\Psi}{dz^2} = -K_s^2 \sin \Psi$$

$$\theta = \frac{d\Psi}{dz}$$

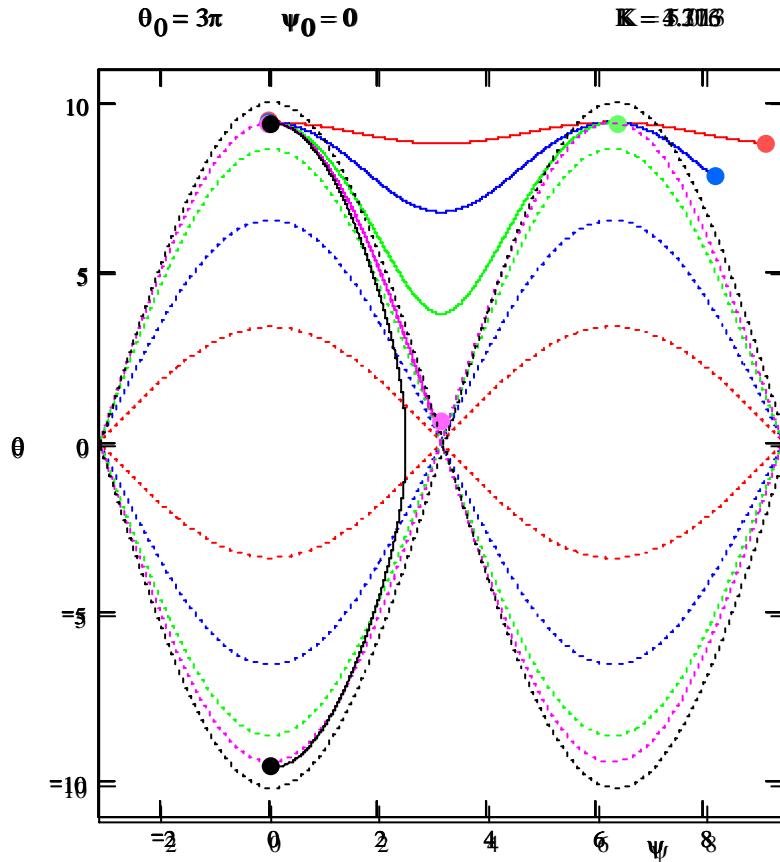
$$K_s = \frac{k\sqrt{a_w a_s / 2}}{\gamma_z \beta_z^2}$$

$$a_s = \frac{e|\tilde{E}|\omega}{mc} = \frac{e\omega}{mc} \left(\frac{2P}{\sqrt{\mu/\epsilon} A_{em}} \right)^{1/2}$$

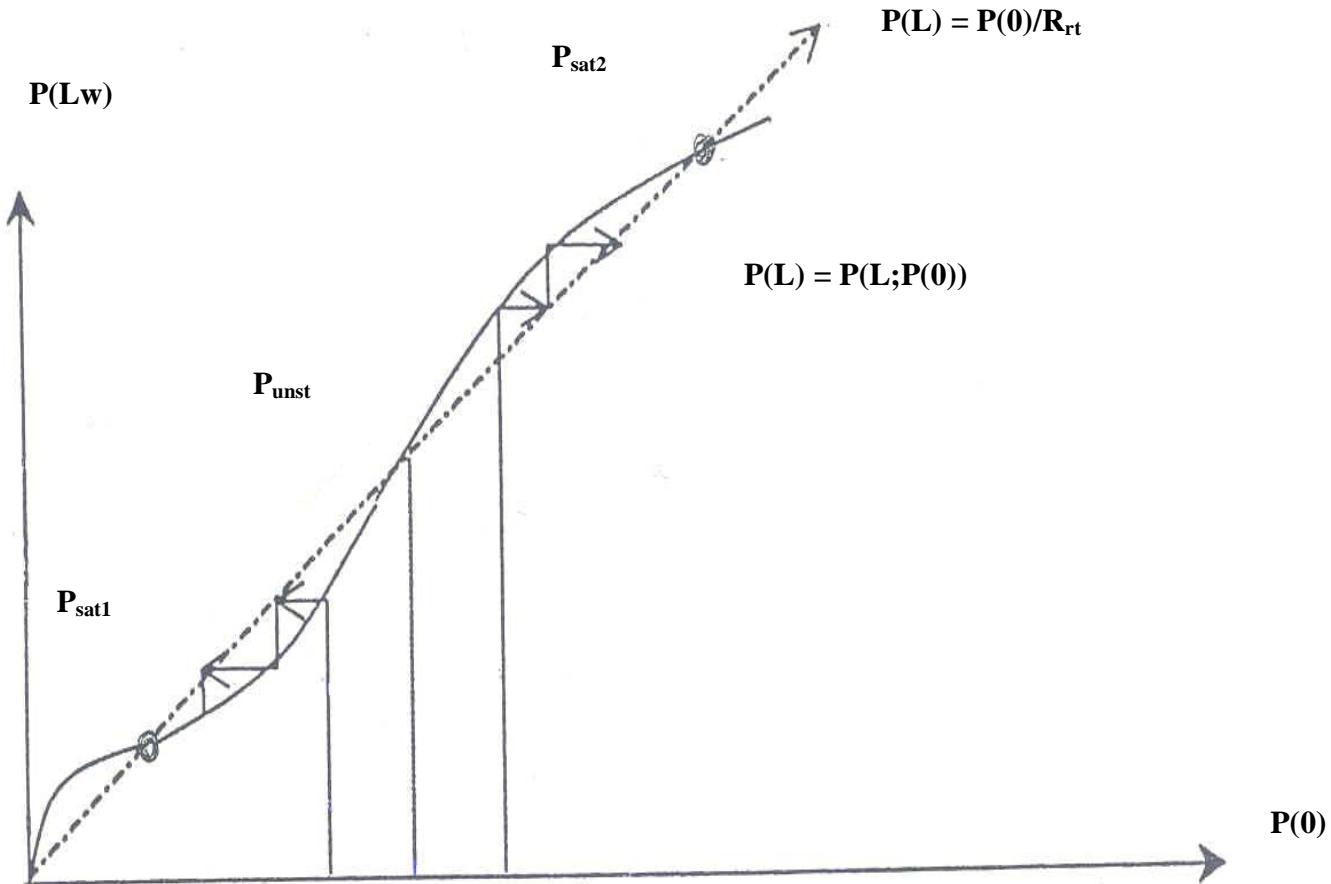
Ultimate Energy Extraction Efficiency Scheme in PB-FEL



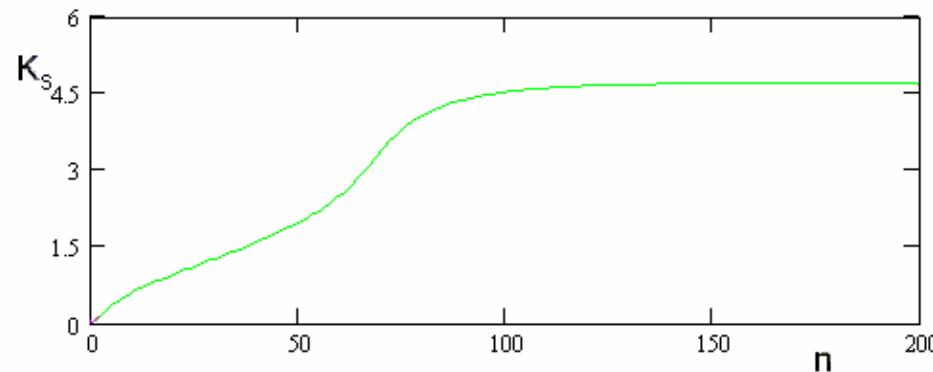
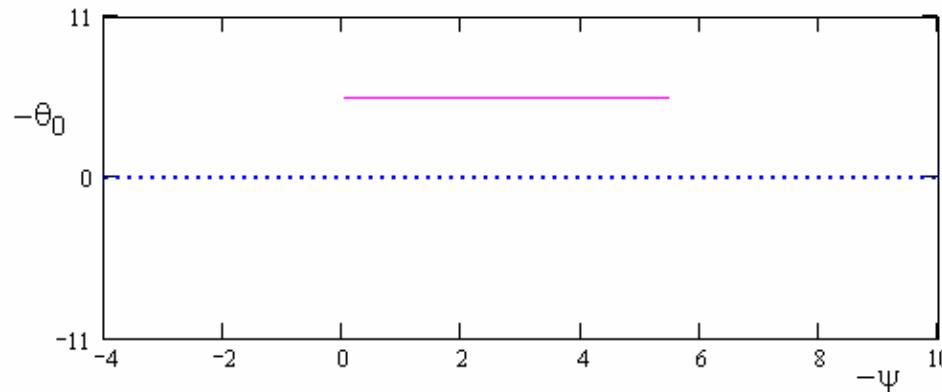
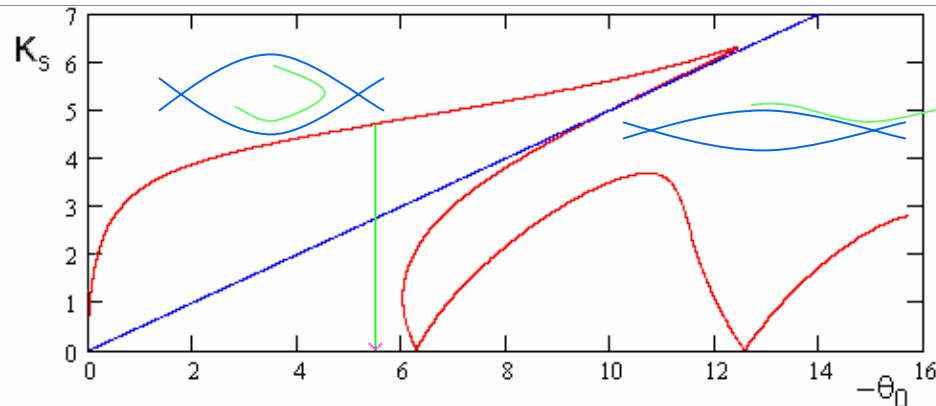
Saturation Dynamics of a Single e-Bunch in a fixed wiggler length for different K_s (stored power $\sim K_s^4$)



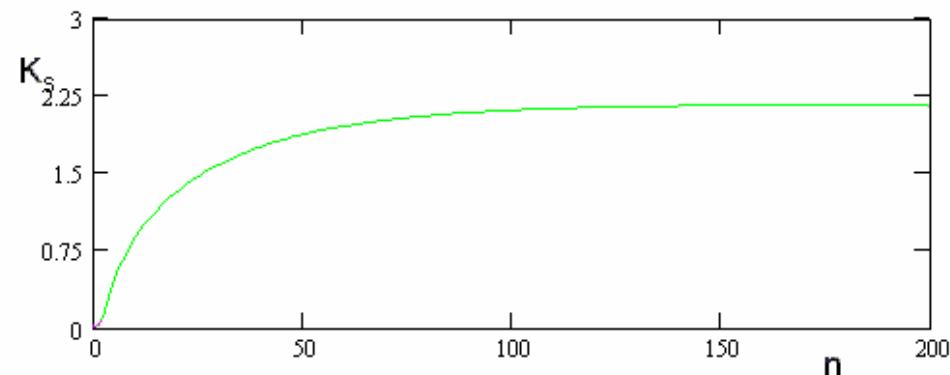
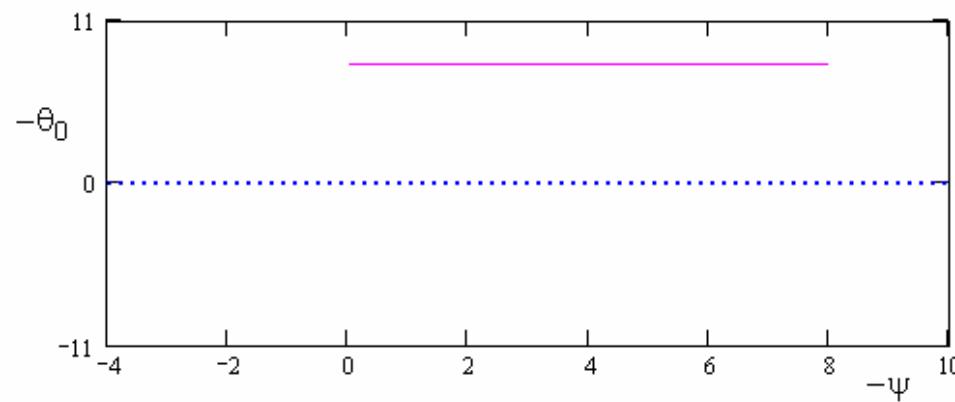
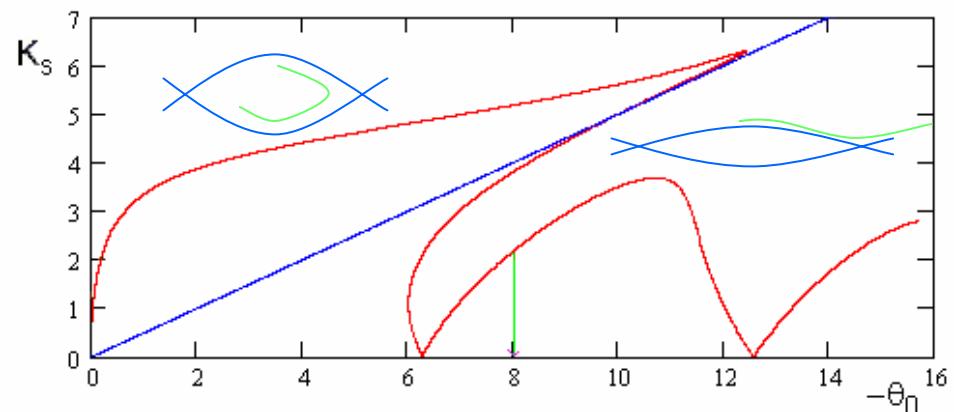
Bistability of PB-FEL Oscillator



CLOSED-TRAJECTORIES SATURATION STABLE POINT

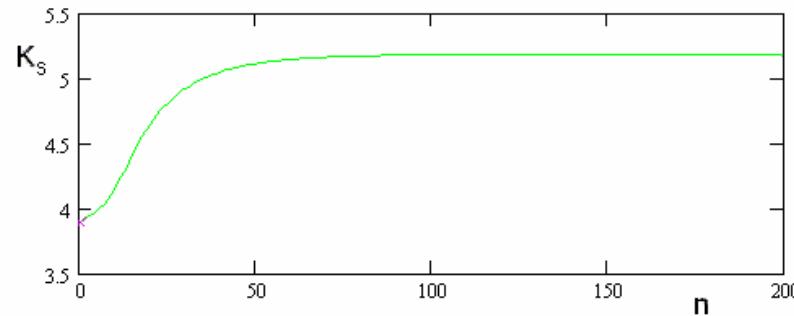
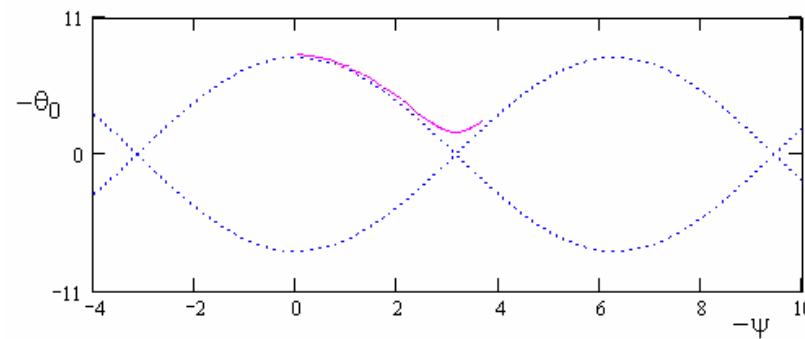
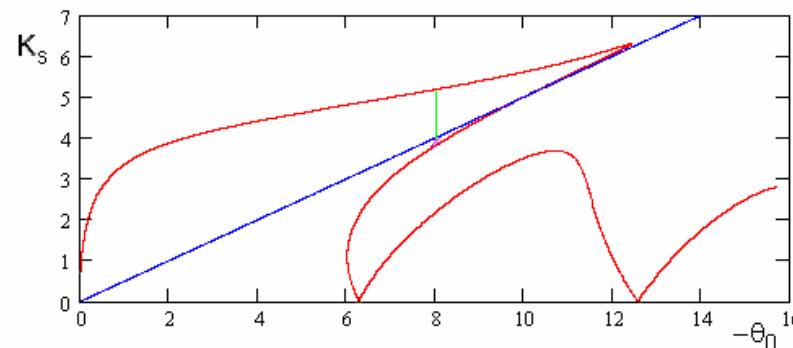


OPEN-TRAJECTORIES SATURATION STABLE POINT



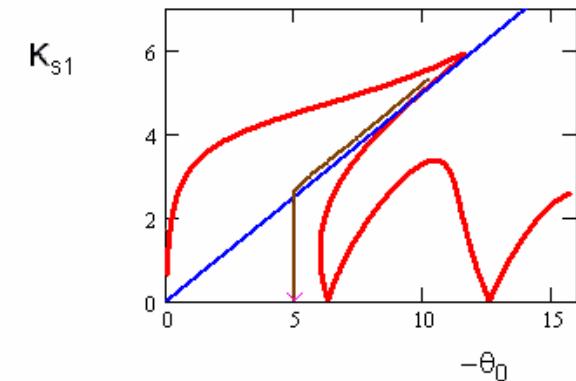
$R_{rt} = 0.97$

$G-1 = 0.005$

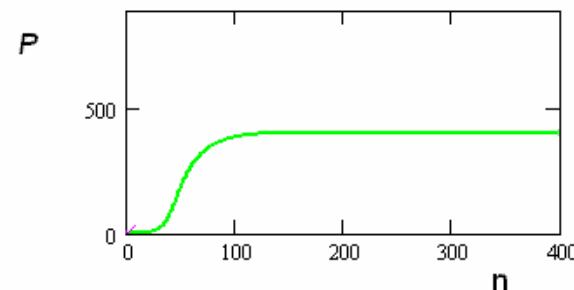
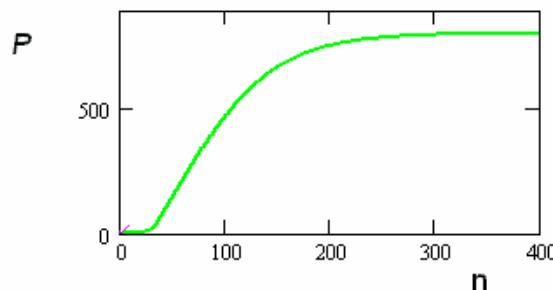
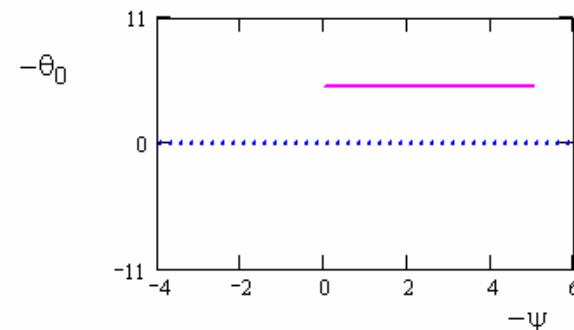
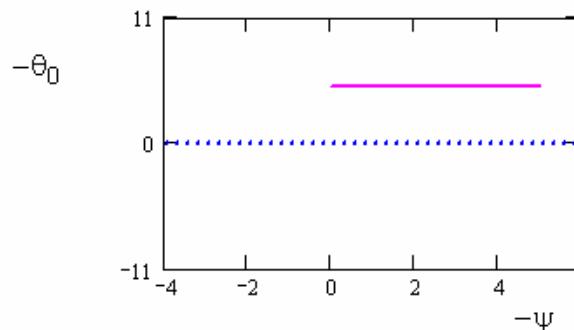
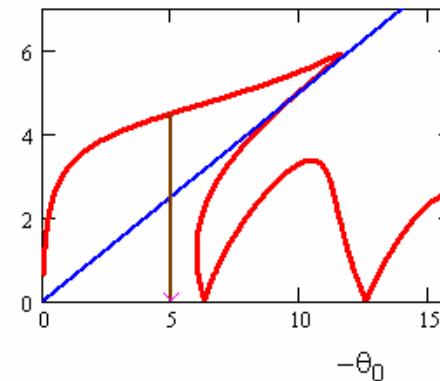


Oscillation build-up in Stimulated Superradiance FEL Oscillator

Post-Saturation Detuning Control



Fixed Detuning



FREE ELECTRON
SUPERRADIANT
SPIN-FLIP EMISSION OF
RADIATION.

Excitation of modes (Including emission from magnetic dipoles)

$$\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}, \omega) = \sum_{\pm q} C_q(z, \omega) \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_q(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{r}, \omega) = \sum_{\pm q} C_q(z, \omega) \tilde{\mathbf{H}}_q(\mathbf{r})$$

$$C_q^{out}(\omega) - C_q^{in}(\omega) = \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta C_{qj} = -\frac{1}{4P_q} \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta W_{qj}$$

$$\Delta W_{qj} = -e \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathbf{v}_j(t) \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_q^*(\mathbf{r}_j(t)) e^{i\omega t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathbf{\mu}_j(t) \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{H}}_q^*(\mathbf{r}_j(t)) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} = \frac{2}{\pi} P_q |C_q^{out}(\omega)|^2$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{E}}_q = \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_{00} = \frac{\mathbf{w}_0}{\mathbf{w}(z)} \exp \left[-\frac{\mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{y}^2}{\mathbf{w}^2(z)} - ik \frac{\mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{y}^2}{2R(z)} + i\phi + ikz \right]$$

Electron Spin Dynamics

Solve in the electron rest-frame or solve the BMT equation in the lab frame

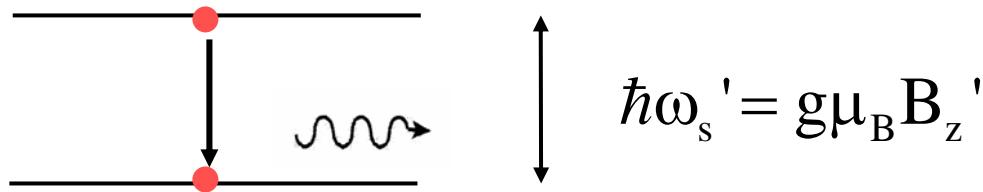
$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{d\langle S_x \rangle}{dt} &= -\frac{eg}{2m\gamma_z} B_z \langle S_y \rangle \\ \frac{d\langle S_y \rangle}{dt} &= \frac{eg}{2m\gamma_z} B_z \langle S_x \rangle \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \langle \mathbf{S} \rangle + \omega_s^2 \langle \mathbf{S} \rangle &= 0 \\ \omega_s &= \frac{eg}{2m\gamma_z} B_z = \frac{\omega_{s0}}{\gamma} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d\boldsymbol{\mu}_j}{dt} = \omega_s \boldsymbol{\mu}_j \times \hat{\boldsymbol{e}}_z$$

Solution: $\boldsymbol{\mu}_j = \text{Re}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{\mu}} e^{-i\omega_s(t-t_{0j})}]$, $\tilde{\boldsymbol{\mu}} = |\boldsymbol{\mu}| \hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_+ e^{i\varphi_{s0j}}$

Electron Spin Resonance Emission Frequency

In the e-rest frame:



In the lab frame:

$$B_z' = B_z$$

$$\omega_s' = \gamma_z [\omega_s - \beta_z c k_z(\omega_s)]$$

For $k_z = (\omega_s/c) \cos \Theta$:

$$\omega_s = \frac{\omega_{s0}' / \gamma_z}{1 - \beta_z \cos \Theta}$$

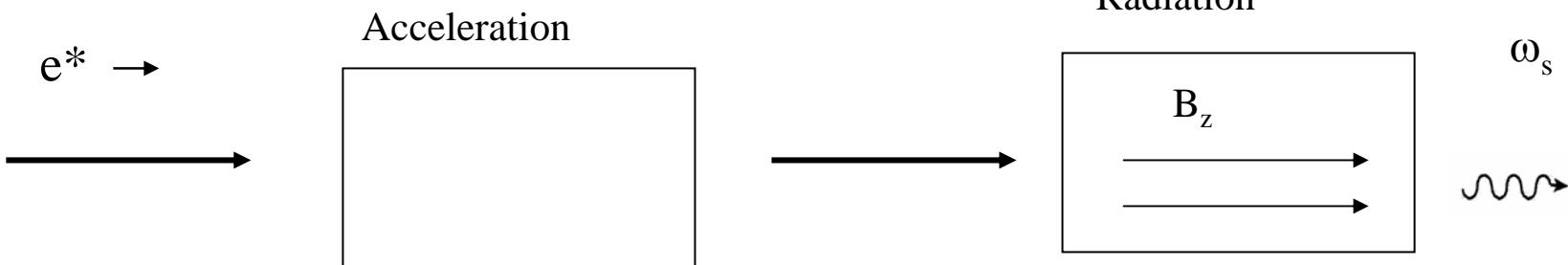
For $\Theta = 0$:

$$\omega_s = (1 + \beta_z) \gamma_z \omega_{s0}'$$

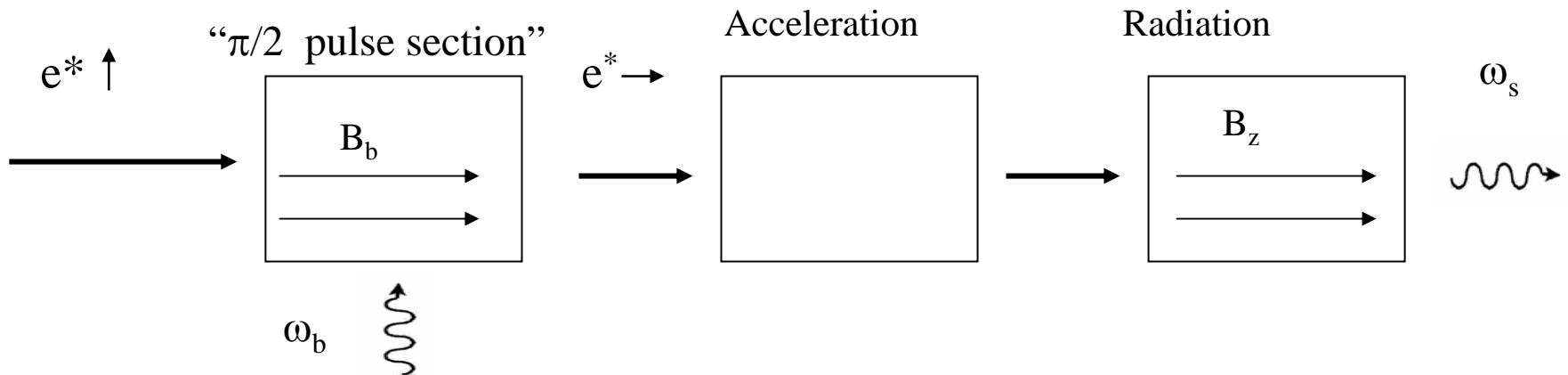
$$B_z = 3.5 \text{ kGauss}, \gamma = 100 \Rightarrow f_s' = 10 \text{ GHz}, f_s = 2 \text{ THz}$$

Free Electron Spin-Flip Emission of Radiation (FESFER)

Axially polarized



Transversely polarized



$$P_{\max} = \frac{I_b}{e} \hbar \omega_s ;$$

$$\text{FOR } f_s = 2\text{THz}, \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{P_{\max}}{I_b} = 8\text{mW/A}$$

Spectral Power of Spontaneous FESFER

$$\Delta W_{qj}^m = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \tilde{\mu}_j(t) \cdot \tilde{B}_q^*(\mathbf{r}_j(t)) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$\Delta W_{qj}^m = \frac{i\omega_s}{2} \int_{t_{0j}}^{t_{0j}+L/v_z} \tilde{\mu}_j \cdot \tilde{H}_q^*(\mathbf{r}_j) e^{-i\omega_s(t-t_{0j}) - ik_{zq} z_j(t) + i\omega t} dt$$

$$\left(\frac{dW_q}{d\omega} \right)_{sp} = \frac{N}{32P_q} \left(\frac{\omega_{s0} L}{v_z \gamma} \right)^2 \left| \tilde{\mu}_j \cdot \tilde{H}_q^* \right|^2 \sin c^2(\theta L/2)$$

$$\theta = \frac{\omega - \omega_s}{v_z} - k_{zq}$$

Cylotron Resonance Emission

$$\frac{d(\gamma m \mathbf{v}_\perp)}{dt} = -eB_z \mathbf{v}_\perp \times \hat{\mathbf{e}}_z$$

$$\mathbf{v}_{j\perp}(t) = \text{Re}[\tilde{\mathbf{v}}_{j\perp} e^{-i(\omega_{c0}t + \phi_{c0})}]$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{v}}_{j\perp} = \sqrt{2} v_\perp e^{-i\phi_{c0j}} \hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_+$$

$$\omega_c = \frac{eB_z}{\gamma m}$$

$$\Delta W_{qj}^c = -\frac{e\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{v_\perp}{v_z} L \hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_+ \cdot \tilde{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}}_q^*(0) e^{i(\alpha t_{0j} - \phi_{c0j})} e^{i\theta L/2} \sin c(\theta L/2)$$

Combined ECR and FESFER Emission

$$\Delta \mathbf{W}_{qj} = \Delta W_{qj}^c + \Delta W_{qj}^s$$

$$\Delta W_{qj}^c = -\frac{L}{V_z} \hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_+ \cdot \tilde{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}}_q^*(0) \frac{e \mathbf{v}_\perp}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-i\varphi_{c0j}} e^{i\theta_c L/2} \sin c(\theta_c L/2)$$

$$\Delta W_{qj}^s = -\frac{L}{v_z} \hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_+ \cdot \tilde{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}}_q^*(0) \frac{\omega_{s0} \mu B}{\gamma c} \frac{Z_0}{Z_q} \frac{gs}{2} e^{-i\varphi_{s0j}} e^{i\theta_s L/2} \sin c(\theta_s L/2)$$

$$\frac{\omega_s - \omega_c}{\omega_0} = \frac{g - 2}{2} = 1.16 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\frac{|\Delta W_q^s|}{|\Delta W_q^c|} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{Z_0}{Z_q} \frac{1}{\beta_\perp \gamma_z} \frac{\hbar \omega_s}{mc^2} \approx \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\pi r_b}{\epsilon_n} \frac{\hbar \omega_s}{mc^2} \approx 10^{-6}$$

$$(FOR \quad \omega_s = 2 \text{ THz}, \quad r_b = 1 \text{ mm}, \quad \epsilon_n = 6 \pi \text{ mm} \cdot mrad)$$

Ratio of SR-FESFER to SP-ECR

$$\left(\frac{dW_q^s}{d\omega} \right)_{SP/SR} = \frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{\sqrt{\mu_0/\varepsilon_0}}{A_{em}} \left(\frac{L}{v_z} \left| \hat{\sigma}_+ \cdot \hat{\mathbf{e}}_q^* \right| \frac{Z_0}{Z_q} \frac{\omega_{s0}' \mu_B}{\gamma c} \frac{g_s}{2} \right)^2 \sin c^2(\theta_s L/2) [N(1 - P_{s0}) + N^2 P_{s0}^2]$$

$$\frac{(dW_q^s/d\omega)_{SP/SR}}{(dW_q^c/d\omega)_{SP}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\pi r_b}{\varepsilon_n} \frac{\hbar\omega_s}{mc^2} \frac{N(1 - P_{s0}) + N^2 P_{s0}^2}{N}$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\pi r_b}{\varepsilon_n} \frac{\hbar\omega_s}{mc^2} N P_{s0}^2$$

CONCLUSIONS

- SUPERRADIANT EMISSION FROM femto/pico-SEC E-BEAM BUNCHES IS A PROMISING HIGH POWER **THz RADIATION SCHEME**.
- FORMULATION FOR THE CALCULATION OF COHERENT SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTICS OF ANY KIND OF RADIATION SCHEMES WAS PRESENTED.
- A **STIMULATED-SUPERRADIANCE OSCILLATOR SCHEME** PROVIDES ULTIMATE RADIATIVE CONVERSION EFFICIENCY (WITH ENERGY RETRIEVAL SCHEMES).
- A RADIATION EMISSION SCHEME FROM ACCELERATED ELECTRONS IS PROPOSED: **FREE ELECTRON SPIN-FLIP EMISSION OF RADIATION (FESFER)**.
- A SHORT BUNCH OF POLARIZED ELECTRONS CAN PROVIDE ENHANCED (SUPERRADIANT) **SR-FESFER RADIATION**, WITH APPRECIABLE INTENSITY RELATIVE TO **CRE RADIATION**.